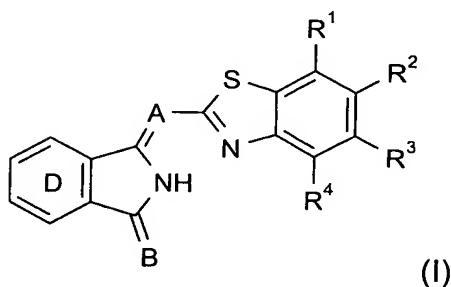


What is claimed is:

1. An aqueous printing ink for textile printing by the inkjet process, comprising one or more dyes of the formula (I)

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in which

A is N or a cyanomethylene radical,

B is a radical of the formula $C(CN)COOR^5$ or $N-R^6$,

R^1 to R^4 independently of one another are hydrogen, halogen, unsubstituted or substituted C₁-C₈ alkyl or C₅-C₆ cycloalkyl, uninterrupted or oxygen-interrupted C₁-C₁₀ alkoxy, unsubstituted or substituted C₆-C₁₀ aryloxy, CF₃, or unsubstituted or substituted dialkylamine, or pairs of adjacent R^1 to R^4 radicals together with the aromatic ring carbon atoms form a fused benzene or naphthalene ring, which where appropriate is substituted further,

R^5 is an unsubstituted or substituted and uninterrupted or oxygen-interrupted, saturated or unsaturated C₁-C₂₀ alkyl radical, C₆-C₁₀ aryl C₁-C₁₀ alkyl or hetarylalkyl,

R^6 is unsubstituted or substituted and uninterrupted or oxygen-interrupted C₁-C₂₀ alkyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkylalkyl or aralkyl, and

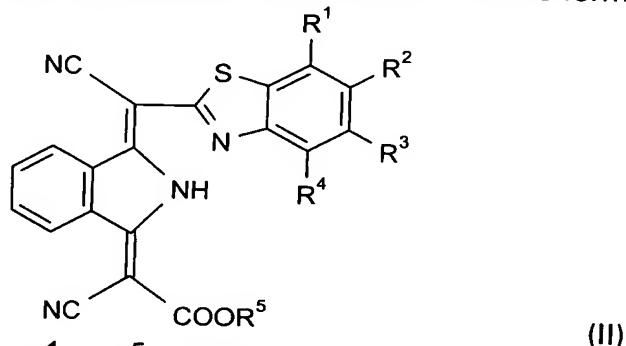
the ring D is unsubstituted or carries at least one substituent which where appropriate, together with a further substituent in ortho position and the ring carbon atoms, forms a fused benzene or naphthalene ring.

2. An aqueous printing ink for textile printing by the inkjet process, comprising dyes of the formula (I) as set forth in claim 1, in which R^1 and R^2 independently of one another are hydrogen, Cl, Br, methyl, ethyl, n-propyl, isopropyl, n-butyl, isobutyl, tert-butyl, cyclohexyl, uninterrupted C₁-C₁₀ alkoxy or C₁-C₁₀ alkoxy

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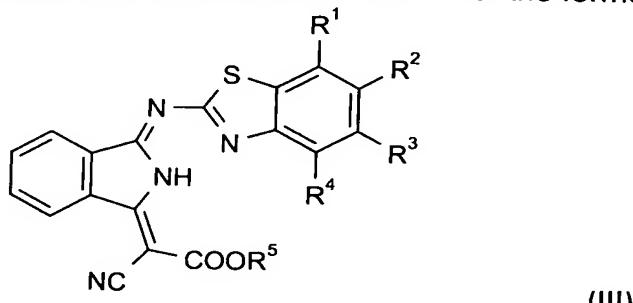
- interrupted by 1 to 2 oxygens; unsubstituted or substituted phenoxy, CF₃ or a di(C₁-C₄)-alkylamino group,
- 5 R³ and R⁴ have the definition of R¹ and R² or together with the ring carbon atoms form a fused benzene ring,
- R⁵ is a C₁-C₁₂ alkyl which is unsubstituted or substituted by Cl, by CN or by unsubstituted or substituted phenoxy and is uninterrupted or interrupted by 1 to 2 oxygen atoms, or is C₆-C₁₀ aryl-C₁-C₁₀ alkyl or hetarylalkyl,
- 10 R⁶ is a saturated or unsaturated C₁-C₁₂ alkyl which is unsubstituted or substituted by unsubstituted or substituted phenoxy and is uninterrupted or interrupted by 1 to 2 oxygens, and
- ring D is unsubstituted or substituted by CN, halogen atoms, in particular 1 to 4 Cl atoms, 1 to 2 C₁-C₁₀ alkyl radicals and/or 1 to 2 C₁-C₁₀ alkoxy radicals, or a phenyl radical, which are each uninterrupted or interrupted by 1 to 2 oxygen atoms.
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3. An aqueous printing ink for textile printing by the inkjet process, comprising dyes as set forth in claim 1 of the formula (II)



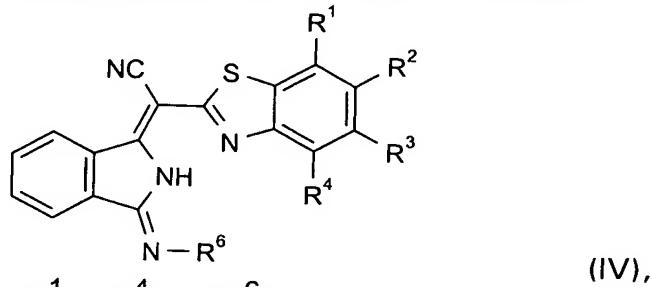
20 in which R¹ to R⁵ are as defined in claim 1.

4. An aqueous printing ink for textile printing by the inkjet process, comprising dyes as set forth in claim 1 of the formula (III)



25 in which R¹ to R⁵ are as defined in claim 1.

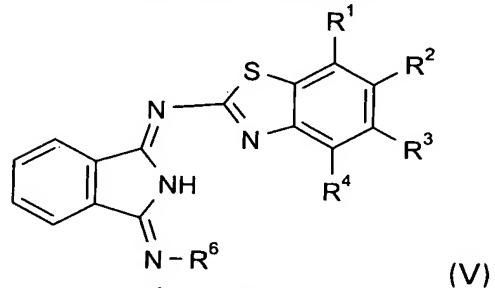
5. An aqueous printing ink for textile printing by the inkjet process, comprising dyes as set forth in claim 1 of the formula (IV)



in which R¹ to R⁴ and R⁶ are as defined in claim 1.

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6. An aqueous printing ink for textile printing by the inkjet process, comprising dyes as set forth in claim 1 of the formula (V)



in which R¹ to R⁴ and R⁶ are as defined in claim 1.

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7. An aqueous printing ink for textile printing by the inkjet process as claimed in at least one of claims 1 to 6, comprising one or more disperse dyes of the formula (I) in amounts of 0.01% by weight to 40% by weight, based on the total weight of the ink.

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8. An aqueous printing ink for textile printing by the inkjet process as claimed in at least one of claims 1-7, containing 0.1%-20% by weight of a dispersant and also 1% to 60% of organic solvents, based on the total weight of the ink.

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9. A method of printing textile fiber materials by the inkjet process, which comprises employing a printing ink as claimed in at least one of claims 1 to 8.